



Electronic Components and Systems for flexible, coordinated and resilient Distributed Renewable Energy Systems

Objective

ECS4DRES will strengthen the **long-term reliability, safety, and resilience of DRES** by developing **advanced monitoring and control technologies** including integrated sensors capable of different types of detection for safety purposes, and for monitoring of energy transfers.

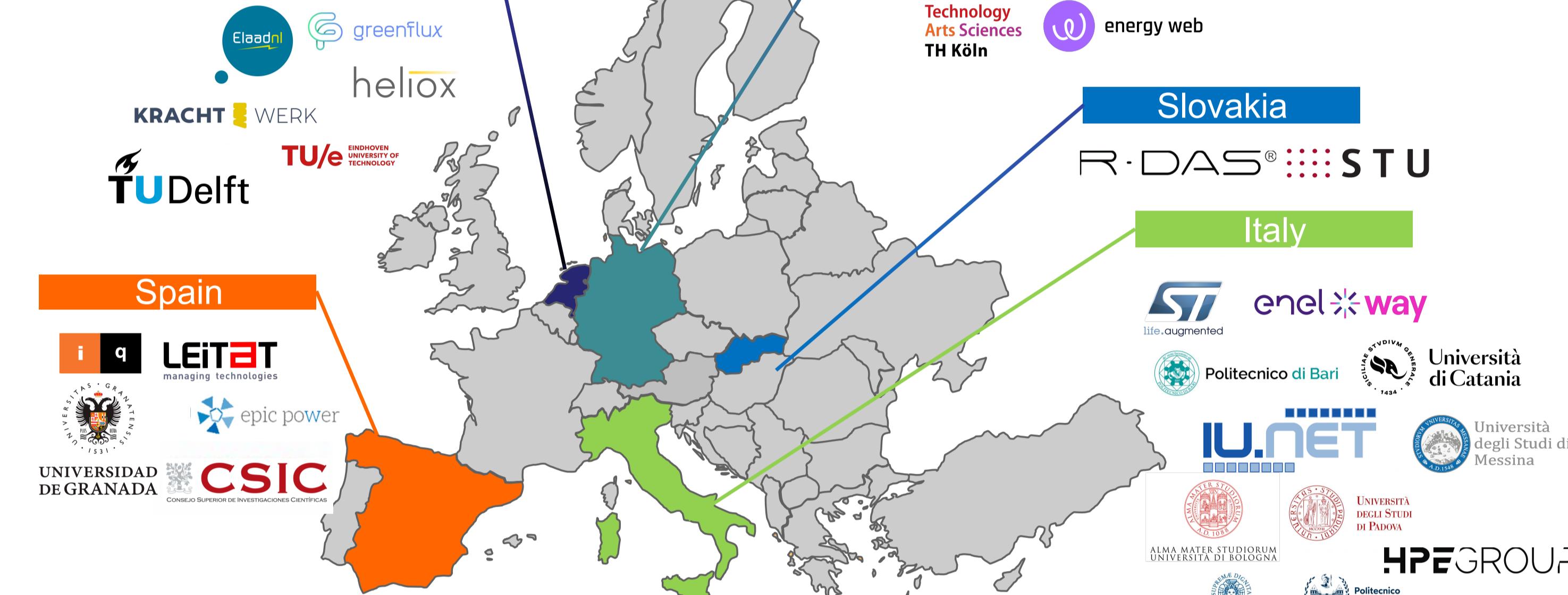
Vision

Creating an **energy system** that is **sustainable, secure, and cost-effective**, powered by **distributed renewable energy sources**.

Mission

Deliver a set of **interoperable mature solutions centered around energy conversion and management** for DRES.

Involved partners



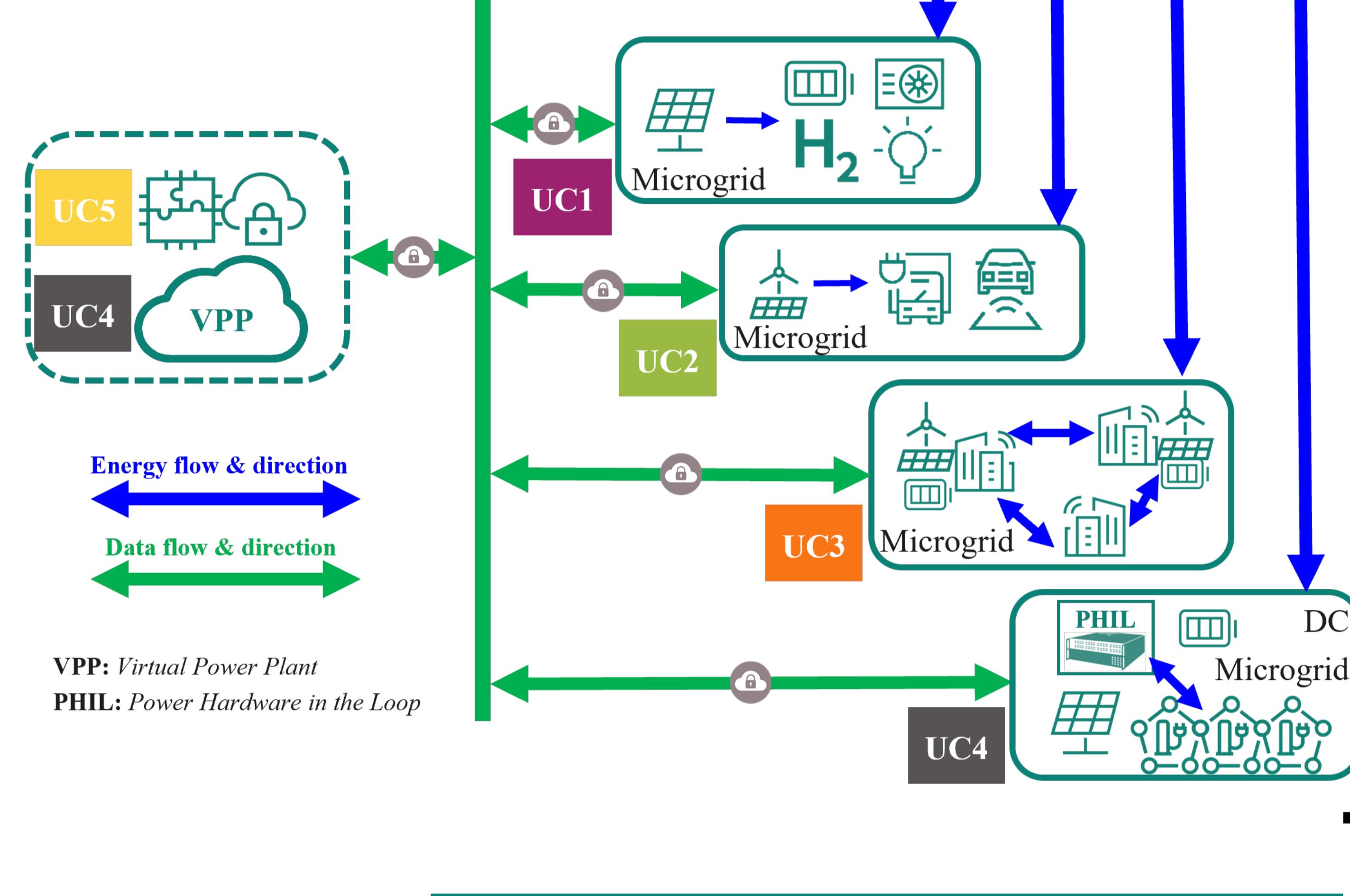
Project Information

Start date:	1st July 2024
Duration:	36 Months
Number of partners:	27
Number of countries:	5
Overall Budget	€ 27.930.499,07
EU Contribution:	€ 8.577.941,75
Project Coordinator:	Infineon Technologies AG Germany

Challenges

- Challenge 1:** Highly efficient (> 97%) and high density (> 50 W/inch³) power converters.
- Challenge 2:** Compensating local unbalances between energy consumption and generation.
- Challenge 3:** ECS4DRES will strengthen the long-term reliability, safety, and resilience of DRES.
- Challenge 4:** Develop efficient and low-latency communication systems, capable of connecting multiple DRES.
- Challenge 5:** Validation of the above-mentioned developments in a series of relevant industrial use cases.

Use Cases



Use Case 1

Smart microgrid with **local green source, H2 generation and green certificates** for better reliability

Use Case 2

AC and DC EV charging grids with improved power quality

Use Case 3

Intelligent **cooperative buildings** in microgrids

Use Case 4

Microgrid in the framework of local energy community to increase **flexibility and coordination**

Use Case 5

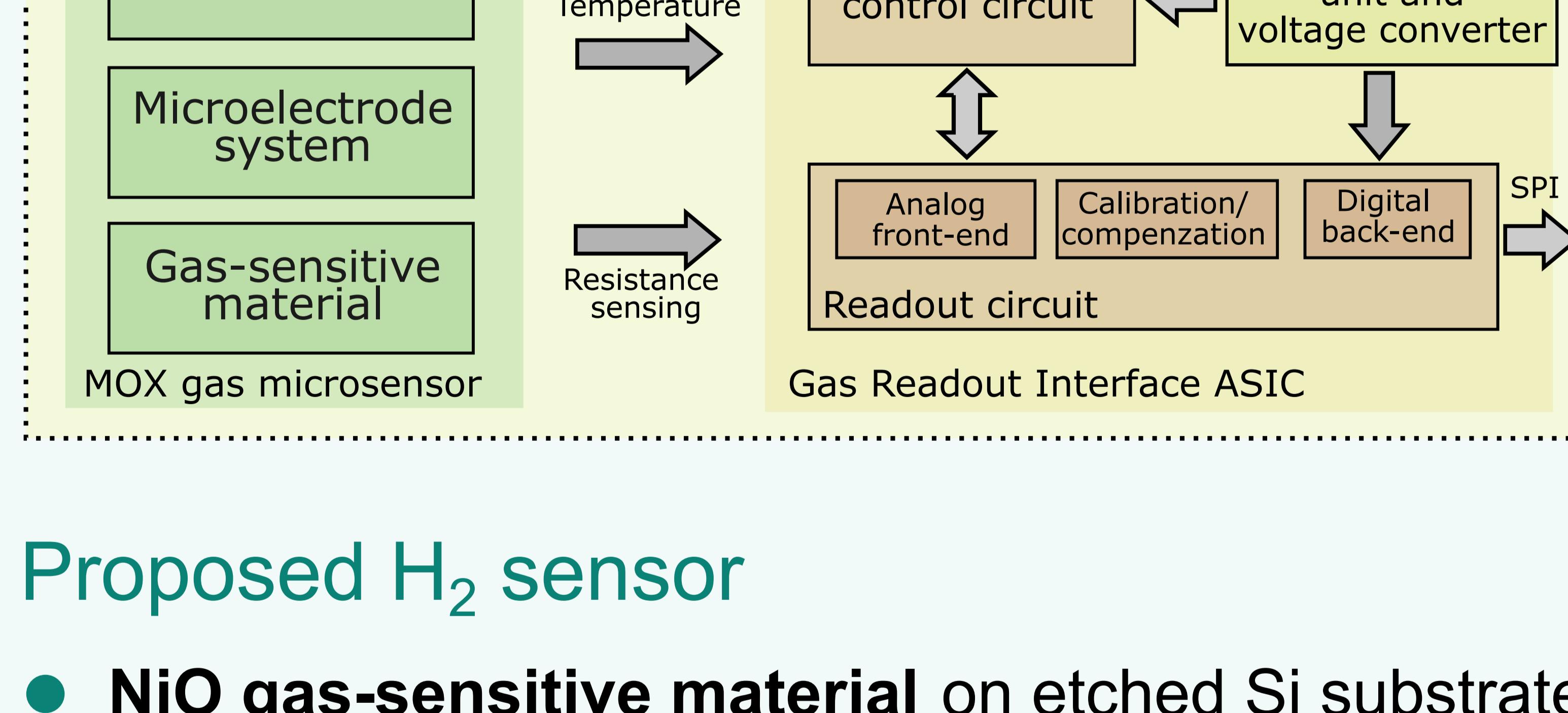
Monitoring, sensing and communication to improve DRES

Main contribution of STU

STU

- Single device solution** (sensor and ASIC in one package)
- ASIC will be supported by **energy harvester** (ASIC power management)
- Highly-sensitive H₂ sensor** based on NiO
- Improvement of the sensitivity and response time**
- Increased life of energy storage element**

Proposed concept of H₂ monitoring device



Proposed H₂ sensor

- NiO gas-sensitive material** on etched Si substrate
- Metal-Oxid Semiconductor (MOX) sensor
- Advantageous stability** of electrical resistance
- Excellent repeatability** of electrical parameters

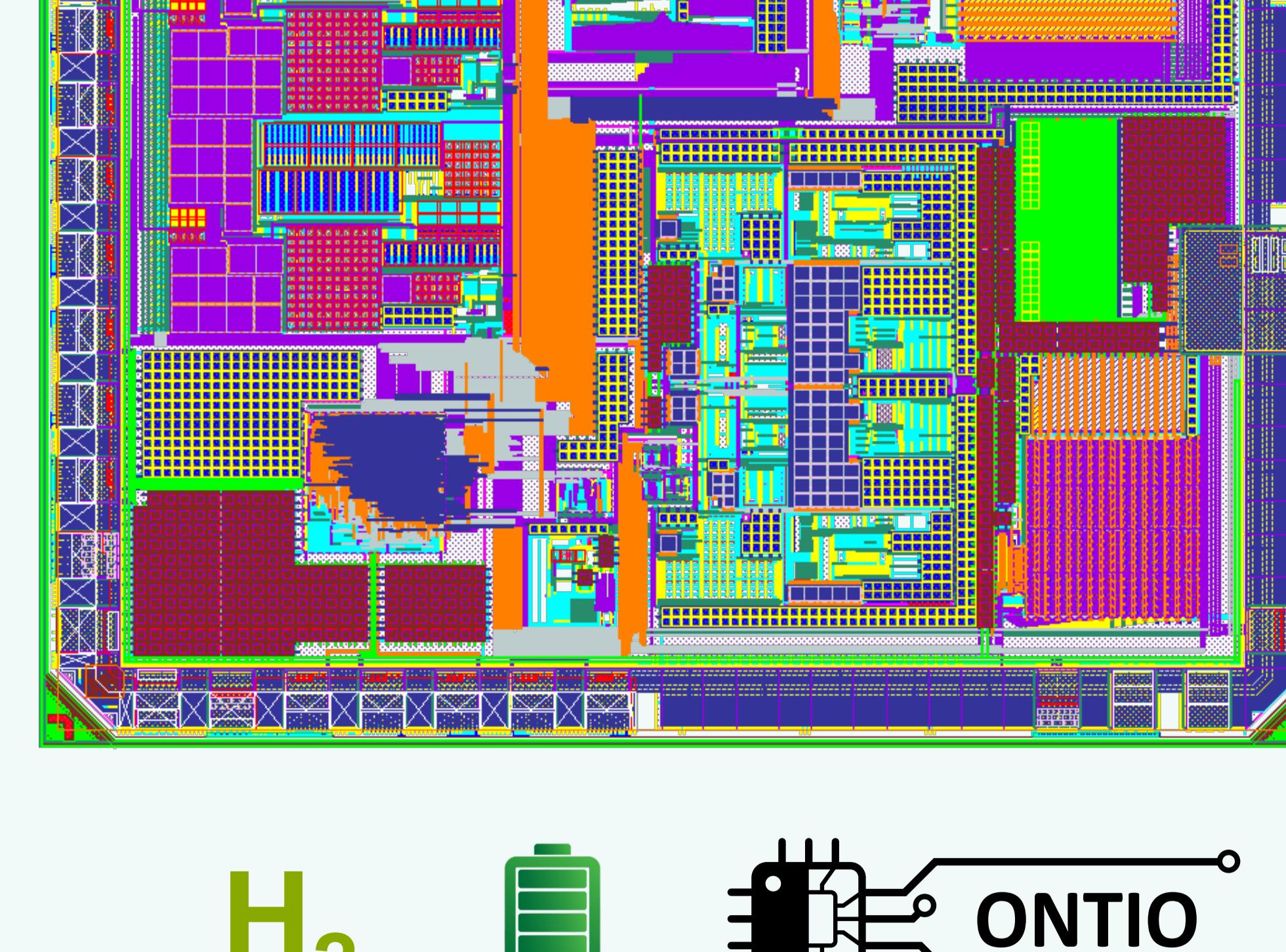
Microphotography of proposed H₂ sensor



Proposed RI ASIC

- Low-power ASIC solution**
- Novel nW range **readout interface (RI)**
- Temperature control** for MOX sensor
- SPI communication interface**
- Designed in 65 nm CMOS technology

Layout of proposed ASIC



H₂ ONTO

Through ASIC solutions....

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